

Glossary: Attendance Boundary Modification

Term	Definition
Class Size Reduction	<p>In 2002, citizens approved an amendment to the Florida Constitution that set limits on the number of students in core classes (Math, English, Science, etc.) in the state's public schools. Beginning with the 2010-2011 school year, the maximum average number of students in each core class would be:</p> <p>18 students in Prekindergarten through grade 3;</p> <p>22 students in grades 4 through 8; and</p> <p>25 students in grades 9 through 12.</p> <p>“Average class size” means the average number of students per class for a specified group of classes. Average class size is measured by adding the number of students assigned to each class in a specified group of classes and dividing this compiled number of students by the number of classes in the group.</p>
School Concurrency	<p>In Florida, school concurrency refers to a system of land use regulations designed to meet the demands placed upon public school capacity by new residential development. District school boards and local governments achieve school concurrency when there are adequate school facilities available to accommodate increases in student enrollment resulting from new residential development. A new development cannot cause a school facility to exceed an adopted Level Of Service (LOS).</p> <p>Florida House of Representatives: Education Fact Sheet</p>
Demographics	<p>This term refers to populations, population trends and vital statistics. Specific to schools, demographics relates to the number of students in different geographic areas of the county, including the number of historic, current, and projected students. Diversity characteristics (gender, race, ethnicity, special needs, socioeconomic characteristics and languages) are also part of demographics.</p>
Domino Boundary Change	<p>A domino boundary change involves multiple school boundaries. It is where a portion of a school boundary is moved into another school boundary to utilize available capacity at non-adjacent schools. For example, overcrowded School A is moved into School B, and the boundary of School</p>

	B is moved into under-enrolled School C to evenly distribute school enrollment between the three schools.
Feeder Patterns	The schools to which students are assigned upon the completion of the highest grade level of their previous school.
F.I.S.H. (Florida Inventory of School Houses)	F.I.S.H. stands for Florida Inventory of School Houses. A F.I.S.H. number is used to identify the capacity of a school, which is the number of students a school is designed to accommodate. For example, if an elementary school has a F.I.S.H. capacity of 1,000, it is designed to accommodate 1,000 students. The Florida Department of Education designates and adjusts F.I.S.H.
School Boundaries	The physical border that defines a designated attendance area for a neighborhood school.
Student Enrollment Projections	Enrollment projections are based on past and current patterns of change and the expectation that these trends will continue.